

Rethinking Privacy for Extended Sanitizable Signatures

and a Black-Box Construction of Strongly Private Schemes

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Outline

1. Introduction
2. Revisiting Privacy
3. Generic Construction
4. Conclusions

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Sanitizable Signature Schemes (SSS) [ACdMT05]



Signer

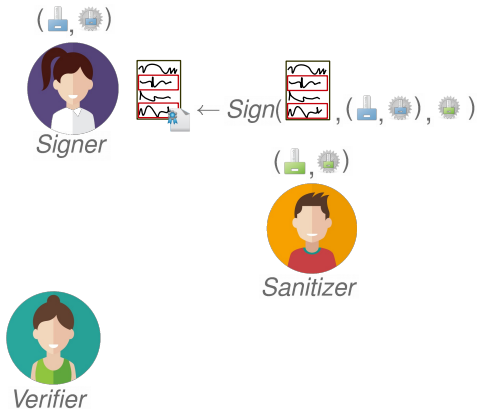


Sanitizer

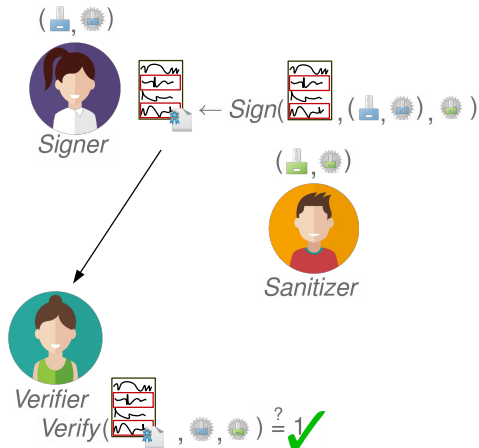


Verifier

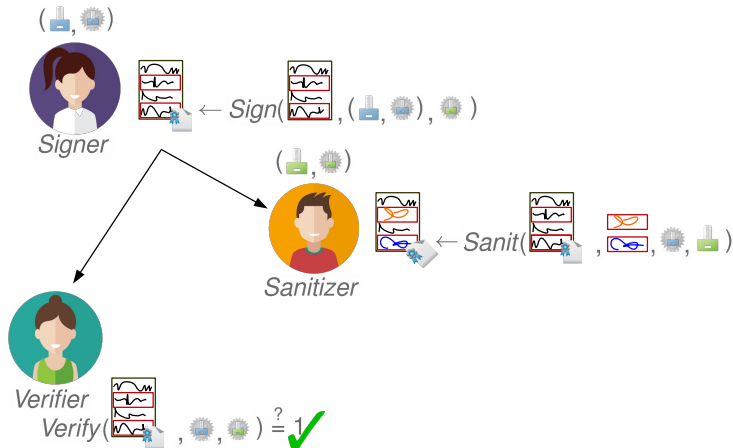
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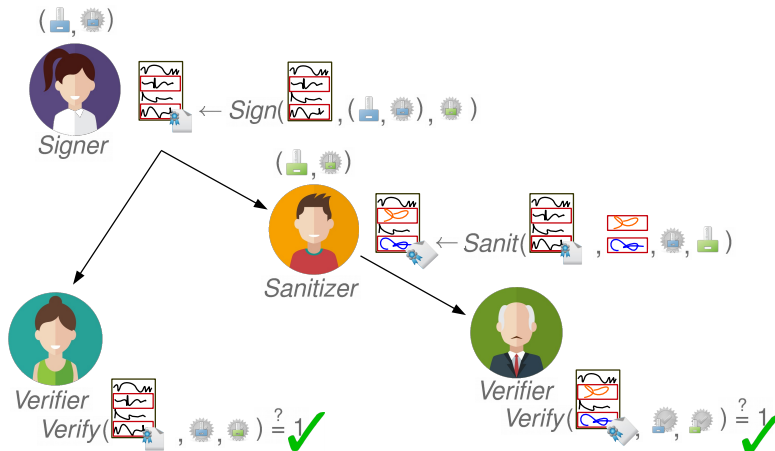
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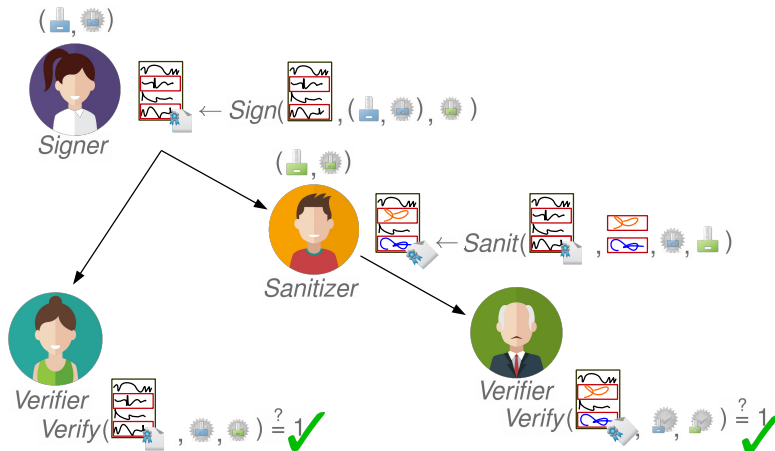
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Proof / Judge : original signature of signer or sanitized

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Correctness, Unforgeability

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- Signatures of signer and sanitizer are indistinguishable

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Formalized in [BFF⁺09]

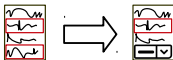
Arbitrary replacements?

- Sanitizer often **too powerful**
- **Limited expressiveness** of signed messages
- **Limited applicability** in several scenarios

Extensions

Several extensions proposed in [KL06]

⇒ LimitSet feature



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- Non-privacy-related features
 - Same changes in linked blocks
 - Modify at most k out of n blocks
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Unfortunately, no formal definitions.

Motivation

`LimitSet` useful tool in many applications

- Restrict power of sanitizer
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Later formalized in [CJ10]

- Privacy not defined in original sense
- Recovery of admissible sets possible
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Proper formalization **important!**

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Doctor signs medical records

- Patient replaces sensitive information
- with less sensitive information

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Sanitized documents published

⇒ **Verifiers may learn sensitive information!**

Contribution

Stronger privacy notion for ESSS: **strong privacy**

- Captures privacy in original sense
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Practically efficient **generic** construction of ESSS

- From any SSS
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- Strongly private if accu is indistinguishable [DHS15]

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Original Privacy Definition [BFF⁺09]

Indistinguishability-based notion (left-or-right oracle)

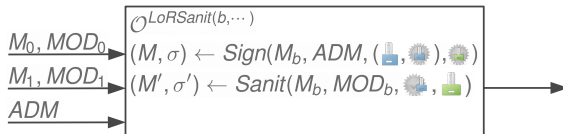
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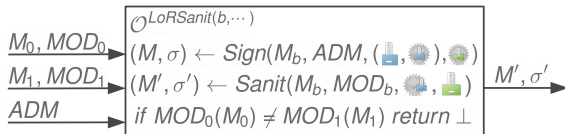
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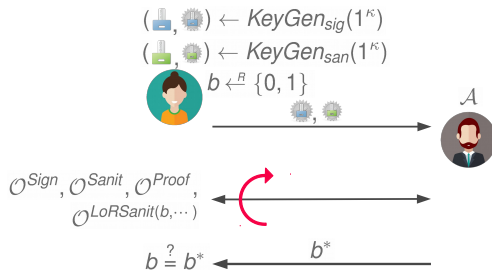
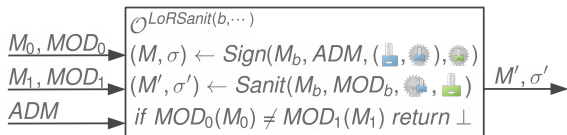
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Possible motivation for weak formalization?

- Preserves implication of privacy by transparency [BFF⁺09]

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Stronger privacy notion

- Modify \mathcal{O}^{LoR} :
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We look for notion **between** privacy and unlinkability!

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Extension of privacy

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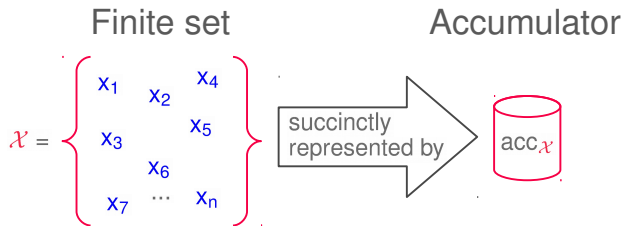
We show that

- Privacy **strictly weaker** than strong privacy
- (Strong) unlinkability **strictly stronger** than strong privacy

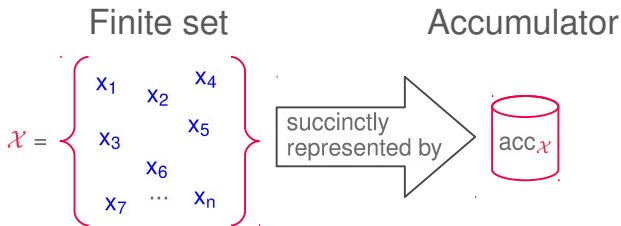
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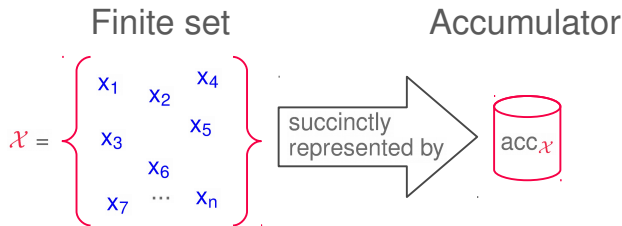
Indistinguishable Accumulators



Witnesses $\text{wit}_{\mathcal{X}}$ certifying membership of x in $\text{acc}_{\mathcal{X}}$

- Efficiently computable $\forall x \in \mathcal{X}$, intractable $\forall x \notin \mathcal{X}$

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Indistinguishability

- Neither accu nor witnesses leak information about \mathcal{X}

Existing Constructions Supporting `LimitSet`

Problems of existing constructions

- Tailored to specific instantiations
 - Meaningful indistinguishability notion very recent [DHS15]
 - Not considered in existing constructions
 - Plain accumulators not required to hide accumulated set
- ⇒ **No** strong privacy!

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Existing constructions follow paradigm

- We show that this paradigm is generally applicable

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For each `LimitSet` block

- Include actually chosen message as variable element
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Verification

- Conventional verification
- + Accumulator membership for `LimitSet` blocks
- Unambiguous encoding required!

Security I

Correctness

- Correctness of underlying primitives

Unforgeability

- Unforgeability of underlying SSS

Immutability

- Immutability of underlying SSS
- Collision freeness of accumulator

Security II

Privacy, Transparency

- Privacy, Transparency of underlying SSS

Accountability

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Strong Privacy

Holds if

- `LimitSet` instantiated with indistinguishable accumulator
- Underlying SSS is private

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Generic construction of ESSS

- Providing strong privacy
- Obtain practically efficient implementations with low effort
 - ...by building upon existing schemes

Thank you.

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Full version: <http://eprint.iacr.org/2015/843>



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References I

- [ACdMT05] Giuseppe Ateniese, Daniel H. Chou, Breno de Medeiros, and Gene Tsudik. Sanitizable signatures. In *ESORICS'05*, LNCS, 2005.
- [BFF⁺09] Christina Brzuska, Marc Fischlin, Tobias Freudenreich, Anja Lehmann, Marcus Page, Jakob Schelbert, Dominique Schröder, and Florian Volk. Security of sanitizable signatures revisited. In *PKC'09*, LNCS, 2009.
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- [DHS15] David Derler, Christian Hanser, and Daniel Slamanig. Revisiting cryptographic accumulators, additional properties and relations to other primitives. In *CT-RSA'15*, LNCS, 2015.

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- [KL06] Marek Klonowski and Anna Lauks. Extended sanitizable signatures. In *ICISC'06*, LNCS, 2006.

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